OBP style guide & manuscript presentation

As part of our author-friendly approach, we do not enforce a certain style on our authors. If you have written your whole book consistently in a certain style, then our editors will be happy to adopt it, as long as you send us a comprehensive style sheet. As a general rule, however, we strongly recommend that you use our in-house style guide, which we hope you will find easy to follow. For the most part, we follow the MHRA guidelines, which are explained in great detail in their free downloadable style guide: http://www.mhra.org.uk/Publications/Books/StyleGuide

Below we have summarised the main points in the MHRA style guide that are relevant to our authors. We are flexible about our style, and we want you to feel happy about the way your book looks. If you feel strongly that something should be a certain way, please don't hesitate to discuss it with us.

a) General style

Layout and font size	Please do not use tabs to indent new paragraphs.		
	Please use font size 12 for text, font size 18 for chapter titles, 16 for section titles, 14 for sub-section titles. Please indent block quotes and use font size 10.		
Emphasis	Should be avoided but, if necessary, italics should be used.		
Abbreviations	No full stops:		
	USA		
	NATO		
	EU		
Spelling	Please adopt either British or American spelling conventions throughout your manuscript (except in quotations from other sources, where the spelling convention of the original should be retained). In British style, either -ise or -ize may be used, but one form should be used throughout. In American style, -ize and -yze should be used.		

In British style, contractions will have no full points (e.g. Mr, St, edn), though abbreviated words, which do not end with their final letter, and their plural forms, will (e.g. vol., vols., ed., eds.)

In American style, contractions should have a period (Mr., St.), as should abbreviations in both singular and plural forms (vol., vols., ed., eds.).

Acronyms and abbreviations in capitals should have no stops in either British or American style: NATO, USA, EU, BC.

Note that programme is spelled program when discussing computer programs only.

Names

Please use a person's full name the first time you mention them (titles like King/Queen/Duchess are ok, but never Professor/Dr/Mr/Mrs); then use only their surname for all subsequent mentions.

Because OBP books are often downloaded chapter-bychapter, please treat each chapter as a new document, and use the full name at the first mention in each chapter.

Contractions

No contractions please

"had not" not "hadn't"

"can not" not "can't"

Dates and numbers

Dates should be written in the form: 20 December 1148; 20 December; AD 245–50, the 1890s, twenty-first century, nineteenth century (or with a hyphen if it becomes an adjective, eg. nineteenth-century culture).

26 January 1900

the 1890s

nineteenth century (or with a hyphen if it becomes an adjective, eg. nineteenth-century culture)

Numbers should be written out up to 100, except in a discussion that includes a mixture of numbers above and below this, in which case all of them should be in figures (e.g. 356 walkers overtook 72 others, as 6 fell back, exhausted). Numbers with units should always be given in figures, with a space between the number and the unit (e.g. 4 cm).

Titles of books/poems etc.

Titles of books, plays and operas are italicized:

Hamlet

Make sure you give the author's name the first time you refer to the book, but not in subsequent mentions:

Salman Rushdie's Midnight's Children

If it's relevant or useful, you can include a date, but only use the date the first time the work is mentioned in each chapter:

Faust (1887)

Titles of articles, poems and songs are not italicized, but use single quotation marks:

'She Walks in Beauty'

Special characters

For special characters (e.g. Greek fonts) please use Unicode fonts in Word. If you need a particular set of symbols for your book (e.g. musical notation), please provide the necessary font together with the manuscript.

Footnotes

The number should go at the end of the sentence where possible, and on the outside of the fullstop (or, in some cases, comma):

Many historians, such as Blake and Dawson, argue that the invasion happened prior to 1254.²

Smith has suggested that this idea is 'nonsense' while Greer maintains that it is the only sensible solution.²

[The references for both Smith and Greer go in the same footnote, with the citations separated by a semi-colon.]

Foucault suggests that this is 'the end of writing as we know it'.2

Please do not indent text in footnotes, and do not separate footnotes with paragraph return. Leave one space between footnote marker and text in footnote.

b) Punctuation

Dashes

Use long dashes with no space on either side:

That night—in exuberant vein—it was to a Mrs Everard Cotes.

Slashes	No space on either side of the slash
	either/or
	Socialism/Marxism
Quotation marks	Use single quotation marks, and double quotation marks for quotes within quotes. Please use "smart quotes" or "curly quotes" ("") rather than straight quotation marks (").

c) References

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Please take careful note of the exact punctuation required, including placement of spaces, commas and full stops. If you are using a footnoting program like EndNote, simply set it for MHRA:

William St Clair, *That Greece Might Still Be Free: The Philhellenes in the War of Independence* (Cambridge: Open Book Publishers, 2008), p. 56.

Approaches to Teaching Jane Austen's Emma, ed. by Ruth Fairfax (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1997), pp. 22–23.

Emily Dickinson: Selected Letters, ed. by Thomas H. Johnson, 5 vols. (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1985), III, 154–97.

Sophocles, Fabulae, ed. by H. Lloyd-Jones and N. G. Wilson (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1990), pp. 123–34.

Essay in an edited collection

Fanni Bogdanow, 'The Suite du Merlin and the Post-Vulgate Roman du Graal', in *Arthurian Literature in the Middle Ages: A Collaborative History*, ed. by Roger Sherman Loomis (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1959), pp. 325–35.

If you are referring to a specific page number in the essay, include it in brackets at the end of the citation:

Martin Elsky, 'Words, Things, and Names: Jonson's Poetry and Philosophical Grammar', in *Classic and Cavalier: Essays on Jonson and the Sons of Ben*, ed. by Claude J. Summers and Ted-Larry Pebworth (Pittsburgh: University of Pittsburgh Press, 1992), pp. 31–55 (p. 34).

Articles in journals

No p./pp. for journal articles:

Victor Skretkowicz, 'Devices and their Narrative Function in *Sidney's Arcadia'*, *Emblematica*, 23 (1986), 267–92.

But you do include a p./pp. if you are quoting a specific page:		
Robert F. Cook, 'Baudouin de Sebourc: un poème édifiant?', Olifant, 14 (1989), 115–35 (pp. 118–19).		

Other works

For instructions on how to reference plays, poems, websites, online articles, manuscripts, films and other media, please see the MHRA style guide.

Page numbers

For multiple page ranges numbering under one hundred, use both numbers, e.g. 23–27 (rather than 23–7).

For multiple page ranges over 100, in which both numbers have the same first digit, drop the first digit in the second number, e.g. 124–67.

Later references

You only need to give the full citation of the text from which you are quoting the FIRST time you use it in each chapter. From then on, you can use an abbreviated form. Because OBP books are often downloaded chapter-by-chapter, please treat each chapter as a new document, and use the full citation at the first mention in each chapter.

If there are two works by the same author in your bibliography, use abbreviated title:

St Clair, That Greece Might Still Be Free, p. 35.

If there's no ambiguity, and it is a work you are citing often, you can use a very abbreviated form of the title:

St Clair, Greece, p. 35.

If it is an edited collection, use the title:

Emily Dickinson: Selected Letters, pp. 56–59.

We do not use op. cit. However, if a footnote is IDENTICAL to the one above, use:

Ibid.

References to websites

Please refer to websites in footnotes and in the bibliography in this way:

US Congress, *Public Law* 110–53, [...] *Commission Act of* 2007 (Congress.gov, 2007), https://www.congress.gov/bill/110th-congress/house-bill/1

Please make sure that all links are still active when you submit your manuscript to us. We archive all external links via the Internet Archive Wayback Machine (https://archive.org/web).

Bibliography of Works Cited

Our bibliographies are in alphabetical order on the first author or editor's name. For edited works, unlike in footnotes, the editor's name goes at the beginning of the reference. Surnames go first:

Bogdanow, Fanni, 'The *Suite du Merlin* and the Post-Vulgate *Roman du Graal*' in *Arthurian Literature in the Middle Ages: A Collaborative History*, ed. by Roger Sherman Loomis (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1959).

Fairfax, Ruth, ed., *Approaches to Teaching Jane Austen's* Emma (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1997).

Johnson, Thomas H., ed., *Emily Dickinson: Selected Letters*, 5 vols. (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1985).

Lloyd-Jones, H. and N. G. Wilson, eds., *Fabulae* by Sophocles (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1990).

—, 'Metaphors of Intellectual Property' in *Privilege and Property. Essays on the History of Copyright*, ed. by Lionel Bently, Ronan Deazley and Martin Kretschmer (Cambridge: Open Book Publishers, 2010).

Skretkowicz, Victor, 'Devices and their Narrative Function in Sidney's *Arcadia*', *Emblematica*, 23 (1986).

Please provide DOIs (Digital Object Identifiers) for all works in reference list, whenever available.

Crossref provides a useful tool to discover DOIs available at: http://search.crossref.org

Please display DOIs in this way: http://doi.org/10.1016/S1097-2765(03)00225-9

(Guidelines on how to display DOIS available at: http://www.crossref.org/02publishers/doi_display_guidelines.html).

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d) Quotations

Ouotes

As a general rule, quotations of more than about sixty words should be set off from the main text (indented with extra space above and below, font size 10). Those of fewer than sixty words should run on in the text inside inverted commas.

Line references should be either numbers alone ('78–82'), or 'lines 78–82'. Do not use 'll'., which can be confused with II or 11.

Quotations of prose passages from a foreign language should be given in English only, using either an established translation or a new one of your own.

Punctuation goes on the outside of the quote:

'Identity politics can be mobilized very effectively', states Sen. He adds, 'this is especially the case when it comes to violence'.

Unless it is part of the quote itself:

This fear comes in the form of an exclamation: 'Help!'.

Translation of a quote

The original foreign quote is italicized and the translation follows immediately in square brackets, not italicized.

'Nous arrivons tous de Paris' [We're all from Paris].

Editing within a quote

Square brackets are used to indicate your own words within a quote. If you edit out part of the quote use an ellipsis surrounded by brackets:

'No themes are so human [says the Preface to What Maisie Knew] as those that reflect for us out of the confusion of human life, the close connexion of bliss and bale, so dangling before us for ever that bright hard medal [....] one face of which is somebody's right and ease and the other somebody's pain and wrong'.

Single word quoted

Words that aren't quotes should generally not be in quotation marks. However, occasionally authors may wish to distance themselves from a certain idea or acknowledge something is not their own concept. In these cases, double quotation marks should be used:

It was his own form of "modernism".

Figures/ Illustrations	Please provide a List of Illustrations at the beginning of the manuscript. Such list should include all relevant info about the image, including copyright details.	
	To refer to your figures within the text use a capital F and the numeral:	
	This is clearly shown in Figure 6. OR	
	(see Figure 6).	
	The figure itself should contain the artist/photographer if there is one, plus the name, date and place it is held (if relevant):	
	Fig. 1. Jean-Antoine Watteau, Pilgrimage to Cythera (1719), Charlottenburg Palace, Berlin. © Palace Museum.	
	Please err on the side of giving more information about figures, and we can edit as appropriate.	
Index	An embedded index is required (please refer to instructions at the end of the document).	